CHITALDRUG DISTRICT BOARD.

Notification No. C. 450—33-34, *dated* 18*th March* 1934.

The following draft bye-laws framed under section 54 of the Mysore District Boards' Regulation, 1926, are hereby published for the information of the public.

Objections, if any for the same may be made to the undersigned within one month from the date of publication of this notification.

Objections received after the due date will not be considered.

The bye-laws framed under section 54 of the District Board Regulation for regulating, licensing, inspecting and conduct of bakeries, sweetmeat shops, hotels, restaurants, tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places and private meat stalls in rural areas. These bye-laws will come into force from.

Definitions.

Bakery or sweetmeat shop—means and includes any building or part of a building where bread, biscuits, cakes, confectionery and sweets are manufactured or kept for sale.

Hotel—means and includes any eating house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, pountry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chapathies, rice-cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and sold for boarders, travellers or other persons.

Restaurant—means and includes any building or part of a building where coffee, tea, cocoa and other drinks are prepared and articles of food are kept for sale.

Aerated Water Factory—means and includes any building or part of a building where aerated waters, sherbatts, etc., are manufactured and kept for sale.

Meat-stalls—means and includes any private building or part of such building where meat or flesh is kept for sale.

Bye-laws under Section 54.

I. All bakeries, sweet-meat shops, hotels, restaurants (other than a students' hostel under public or recognized control) tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places, and private meat-stalls within the jurisdiction of Boards shall be subject to license by the President of District Board, Chitaldrug.

II. Any person using or wishing to use any premises for any of the above purposes, shall apply to the President for a license. The President may, in his discretion, grant, suspend or refuse, such license for infringement of any of the conditions attached to the license, or whenever on grounds of Public health or safety he considers such action necessary. He may consult for this purpose District Medical and Sanitary Officer.

III. Application must be made to the President within fifteen days of the commencement of each official year for the renewal of all licenses granted under this bye-law and in the case of a place to be newly opened, a fortnight before such place is proposed to be opened

IV. The following fees shall be charged for licenses granted under this bye-laws:—

1. That class distinctions of Hostels, etc., be abolished.
2. That the following fees shall be levied.:—

		Rs.
(*a*) On bakeries and sweet-meat stalls.—	from	5 to 10
(*b*) Other Hostels, Restaurants, Coffee and Tea house ...	,,	2 to 6
(*c*) Meat stalls	,,	2 to 5
(*d*) Ice manufactures		5
(*e*) Areated water manufactures		4

(*a*) Provided that if the applicant satisfies the President that it is opened for a special occasion or fair for a period not exceeding one fortnight, the President shall have power to exempt the applicant wholly or partially from the payment of the fee.

(*b*) Provided also that no refund shall be made of the amount already paid on account of such license, except under the President's orders (recorded in writing).

V. Whoever without obtaining a license as required by this bye-law uses any place for the purposes mentioned in Clause I shall be liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100 and to a further fine which may extend to Rs. 25 for every day after such conviction during which he continues to use such place for such purposes.

VI. If the holder of any license under this bye-law employs any person or persons to be in charge of the place for which such license is granted, such person or persons shall be equally liable with the licensee for the observance of all conditions attached to such licenses.

VII. The following conditions shall be attached to all licenses granted under this bye-law :—

General.

I. All premises used as bakeries, sweet-meat shops, hotels, restaurants, tea and coffee houses, ice and aerated water manufacturing places shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose, and every room shall be not less than 8 x 8 x 8 feet.

(*b*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purposes, and every room shall be not less than 8 x 8 x 8 feet.

(*b*) The premises shall have a water connection if the President or Health Officer thinks that the business is carried on a large scale. The receptacles for the storage of water shall be placed on a clean place above the ground level and provided with a tap for the water to be drawn off.

(*c*) The wall of every such premises shall be rendered impervious by cement plastering or otherwise to the extent of four feet from the ground level and the rest plastered with chunam and whitewashed half yearly or as often as required by the President; the whole floor shall be either cemented or paved with Cuddappah slabs with cement pointing and sufficient drainage provided.

II. No person shall, in connection with a hotel, etc., use as kitchen, dining room, refreshment room, or bed room, a place surcharged with offensive smell arising from a privy urinal, cesspool, sewer or any other insanitary source, and he shall locate the kitchen at such a distance from the room where customers are served or lodged, that such room shall be entirely free from smoke of any unpleasent and oppressive smells.

III. Every licensee shall keep the premises very clean and shall thoroughly wash or cause to be washed every utensil and other furniture at least twice daily.

IV. He shall allow only servants that are dressed in clean clothes to attend on the customers.

V. He shall at all hours while such place is open, allow the President or the Health Officer or other District Board servants deputed by him, to enter his premises and inspect the place, utensils, articles of food or drink and furniture and shall comply with the directions that the President or Health Officer or Sanitary Inspector may give in writing for securing light and air.

VI. He shall provide, stock or offer for sale only such articles of food and drink, as are fresh, good, wholesome and fit for human consumption.

VII. The President or the Sanitary Officer shall remove or cause to be removed from such place, articles of food or drink, which are unsound, unwholesome or unfit for human consumption and if necessary prosecute the licensee for breaking the bye-laws.

VIII. No Person shall with unwashed or unclean hands touch any articles of food or drink placed for sale.

IX. Any person breaking the above bye-laws shall be punished on conviction, with a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, in case of continuance offence with further fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for each day after written notice of the offence by the District Board, and the breach of the above rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license.

II Special.

(*a*) Manufacture of Bread and Sweet-meats :—

(1) The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweet-meat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store-room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the flour or against any wall in any parts of a bakery or a sweet-meat shop.

(2) No person suffering from a contagious or any infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on a person suffering from such disease or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in bakery or sweet-meat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

(3) No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

(4) No person shall transport for sale, bread or sweet-meat from any one place to any other place, except in a closed vehicle or in a closed basket, tin or other preceptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweet-meat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

(5) All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be clean and stored in a clean rack.

(6) Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale in glass show-cases with glass lids, to prevent contamination from flies dust and bad odours.

(7) It shall be lawful for the Health Officer or the President, District Board any person deputed by him to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of bread, sweets, etc., at any time when such place is open, and to inspect or take a sample of any kind of bread, sweets or any other articles of food manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by the Health Officer, Sanitary Officer and if a certificate from him indicates that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

(8) Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render and offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues.

(*b*) *Hotels, Restaurants, Tea and Coffee rooms*).

(1) Kitchen and bath-rooms shall have proper ventilation and be provided with suitable smoke events so that smoke may not pervade into the dwelling rooms. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated.

(2) The proprietor or the person in charge shall now allow persons to dine in any other place but in the dining hall.

(3) All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metalic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping food stuffs, shall have continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry, sweet-meats, confectionery or preserved dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours and they shall be kept only in glass cases. All cups and saucers used for serving shall be sterilised in boiling water after each service.

(4) No food stuff of any sort which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises.

(5) All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

(6) No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease, or who has recently been in attendance on any person suffering from such disease or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean, shall be employed in an eating house.

(7) All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Health Officer or the Sanitary Inspector or the other officer authorised on their behalf.

(8) All cases of dangerous or infectious diseases (such as cholera, plague and eruptive fevers such as small-pox, chicken-pox measles and fevers or more than seven days' duration) occurring in any hotel, restaurant, and tea and coffee houses shall be notified to the President forthwith.

(9) If a case of small-pox, cholera, plague, influenza or relapsing fever occurs in or near the hotel or eating house, the proprietor shall close the same as long as the President deems it necessary.

(10) Any Infringement of any of the above bye-law shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for every day after such conviction during which such infringment continues.

(*c*) *Manufacture of Ice.*

(1) There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory premises.

(2) The water used for manufacturing ice shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved of by the President or Health Officer.

(3) Ice factory premises shall be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness and thoroughly drained of all waste water.

(4) It shall be lawful for the Health Officer or the District Board Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of ice at any time when such place is open and to inspect or take a sample. Office which is there manufactured or kept for sale. Such sample shall be examined by the Health Officer and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

(5) Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues.

(d) Manufacture of areated waters.

(1) There shall be water connection from the public water supply to the factory premises.

(2) The water should be filtered and the filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilised at such times and in such manner as the President or the Health Officer may direct.

(3) All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President may direct.

(4) The room in which areated waters are manufactured shall be properly footed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime-washed at least once in three months, the floor shall be flagged, tiled or cemented so as to be impervious to water and shall be properly drained.

(5) The water used for the manufacture of areated waters shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessels not approved by the President or Health Officer.

(6) The premises and all the appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Health Officer, the Sanitary Inspector or any other District Board servant aushorised by the President.

(7) No areated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label and mouthpiece on each bottle, giving full name and adress of the manufacturer.

It shall be lawful for the Health Officer or any District Board Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of areated waters at any time when such place is open, and to inspect or take a sample of bottles of any kind of areated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be examined by the Health Officer and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

(8) Any infringement of any of the bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues.

(e) Meat Stalls.

(1) The licensee shall not sell or offer for sale the flesh of any animal that has not been examined and passed in writing by the Veterinary Inspector at a public slaughter-house.

(2 The licensee shall not sell or offer for sale flesh that is stale, decomposed or unfit for human consumption or flesh that by blowing or by other artificial means is made to appear to be in condition differing from what it really is.

(3 He shall not use any place for the sale of flesh, if it is situated in or adjoining to any place of worship, school or such other places as the President may determine.

(5) The floor should be made impervious either by cement concrete flooring or paving with Cuddappa slabs with cement pointing. It should be so levelled as to drain off all the water into any drain.

(6) The premises should have a cement concrete drain and the drain should have a connection into the sewer line.

(7) He should cause the whole of the walls to be cleaned and white-washed at least once every three months and all wood and iron furniture thoroughly scraped and repainted at intervals prescribed by the Health Officer.

(8) The premises should not be made use of for dwelling or other purpose.

(9) He should take necessary precautions to protect the flesh from contamination from dust and flies.

(10) The stalls and the meat therein shall be open to the inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Health Officer, the Sanitary Inspector or any other District Board Officer authorised by the President.

Any breach of the above conditions by the licensee or by his servants shall render the license to be withdrawn or suspended and shall also make the licensee liable on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine of Rs. 10 for every day during which the offence continues.

Penal clauses for the breach of any rules under general and special rules framed under Section 54.

Any breach of any rule under general or special rules framed under Section 54, will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and in case of continuance of the business after this, the prosecution of the offender under rule 5 of the bye-laws framed under section 54.

G. CHANNAPPA,
President.